



Frogs

My Maths Project

Ross

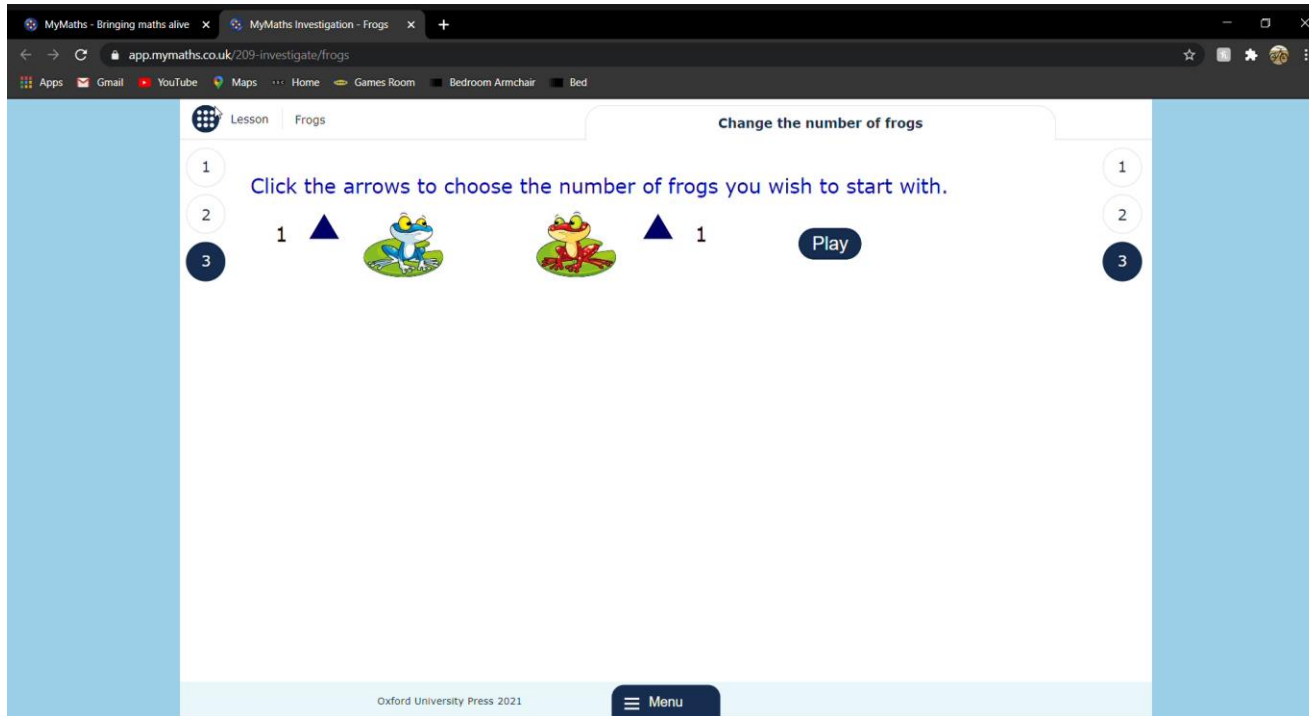
28/01/2021

How Does It Work?



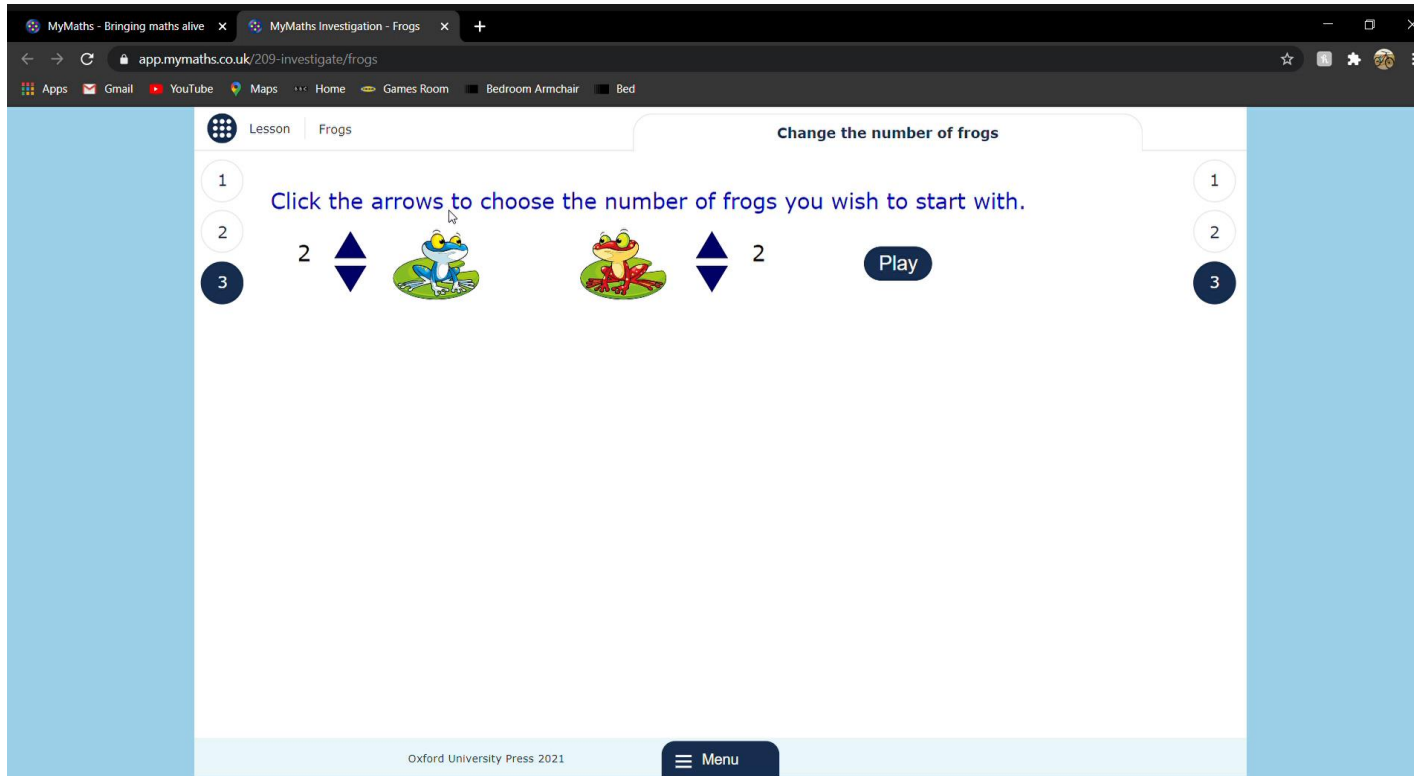
- ▶ This is an investigation where you have for example 2 frogs on each side sitting on lily pads. One lily pad should be situated in the middle of the two sets of frogs.
- ▶ The aim of this investigation is to get the frogs on the left to the right, and the frogs on the right, on the left.
- ▶ To move, you have a slide and a jump. For the slide, you can only move one lily pad along. Whereas the jump is where you can jump over another colour frog to get to 2 pads along.

1 Frog on each side



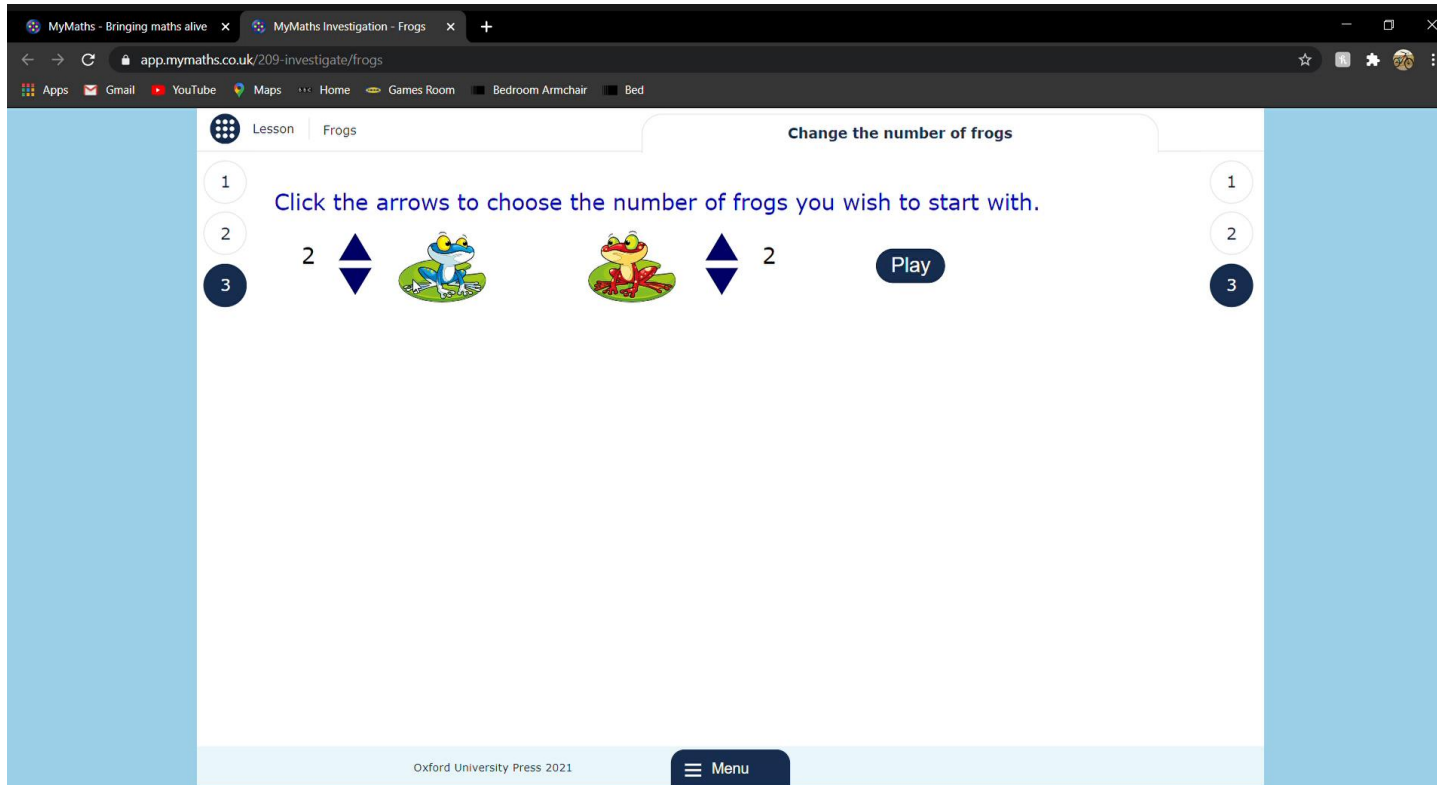
3 moves
2 slides
1 jump

2 Frogs on each side



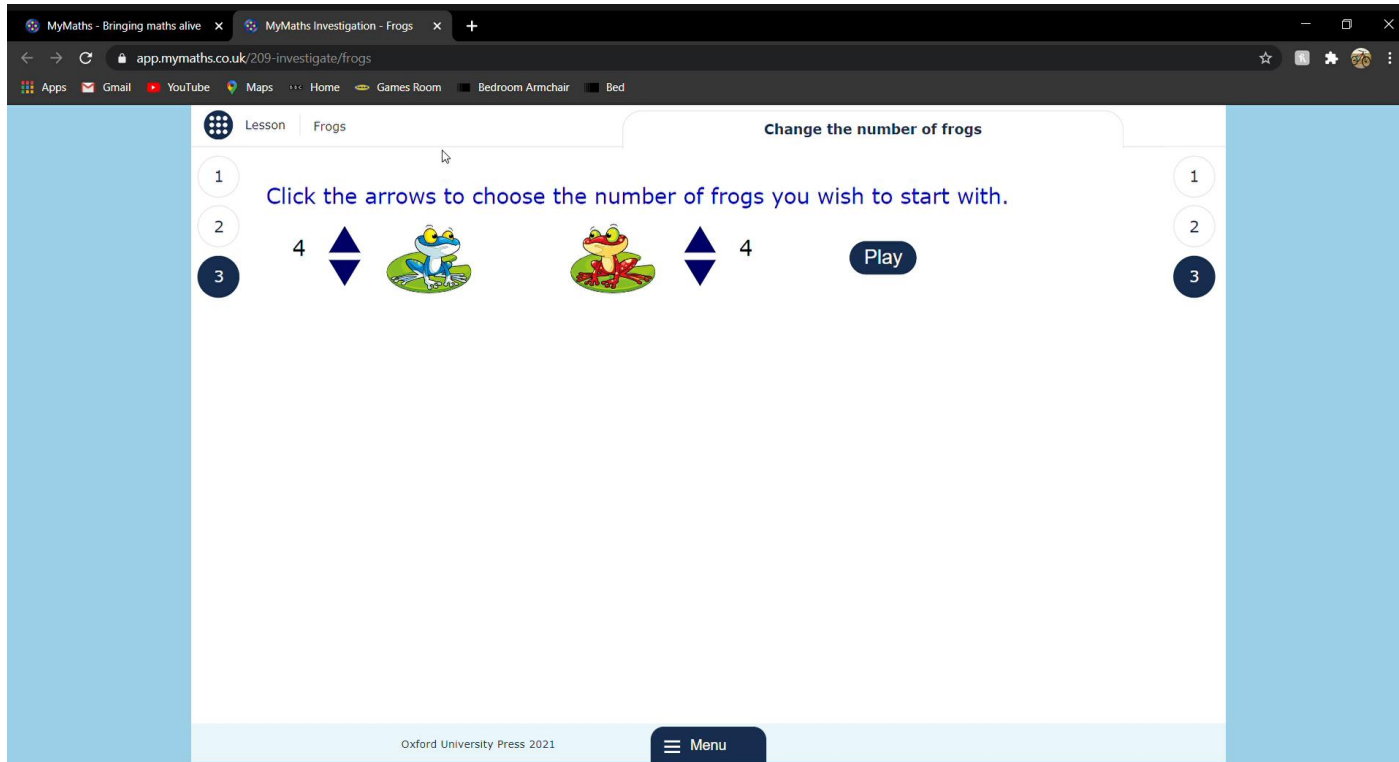
8 moves
4 slides
4 jumps

3 Frogs on each side



15 moves
6 slides
9 jumps

4 Frogs on each side



24 moves
8 slides
16 jumps

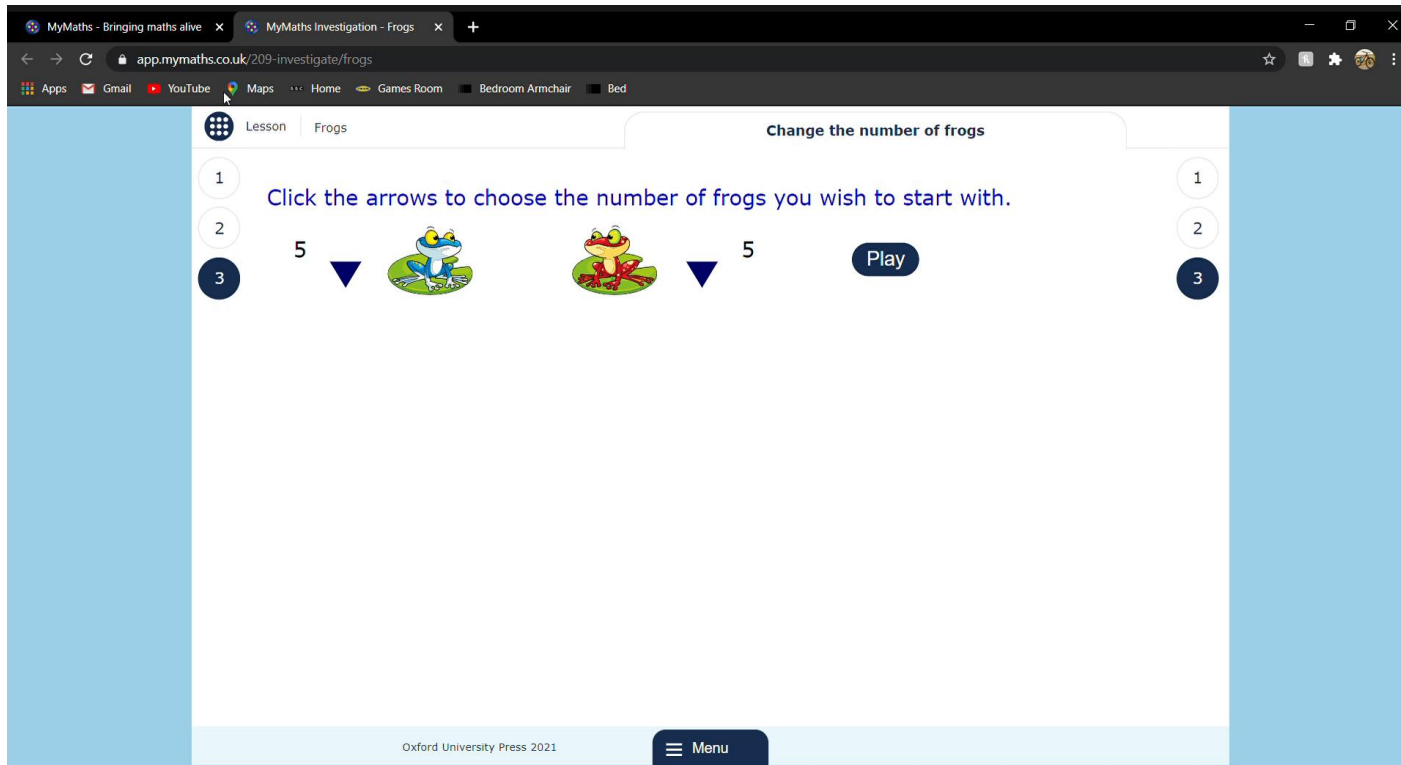
Results

No. of green frogs	No. of red frogs	Total no. of moves	No. of slides	No. of jumps
1	1	3	2	1
2	2	8	4	4
3	3	15	6	9
4	4	24	8	16
5	5	35	10	21
10	10	120	20	100
100	100	10200	200	10000
n	n	$(n^2)+2n$	$2n$	n^2

My prediction for 5 on each side

- My prediction is 35 moves in total, 10 slides and 25 jumps.

5 frogs on each side



35 moves
10 slides
25 jumps

Explanation

- ▶ To get the number of jumps you must square the number of frogs
- ▶ To get the number of slides you must double the number of frogs (e.g., 1 frog on each side. $1 \times 2 = 2$. 2 = no. of slides)
- ▶ To get the number of movements, add the no. of slides and jumps.

Algebraic Expression

- ▶ No. of moves : $(n^2)+2n$
- ▶ No. of slides : $2n$
- ▶ No. of jumps : n^2

100 frogs on each side

- ▶ Slides = 200
- ▶ Jumps 10000
- ▶ 10200
- ▶ I worked this out by doubling the number of frogs ($100 \times 2 = 200$). Then squaring the number of frogs ($100 \times 100 = 10000$). Finally, I added 10000 to 200 so I got 10200.



Extension Frogs

My Maths Project

Ross Kidd

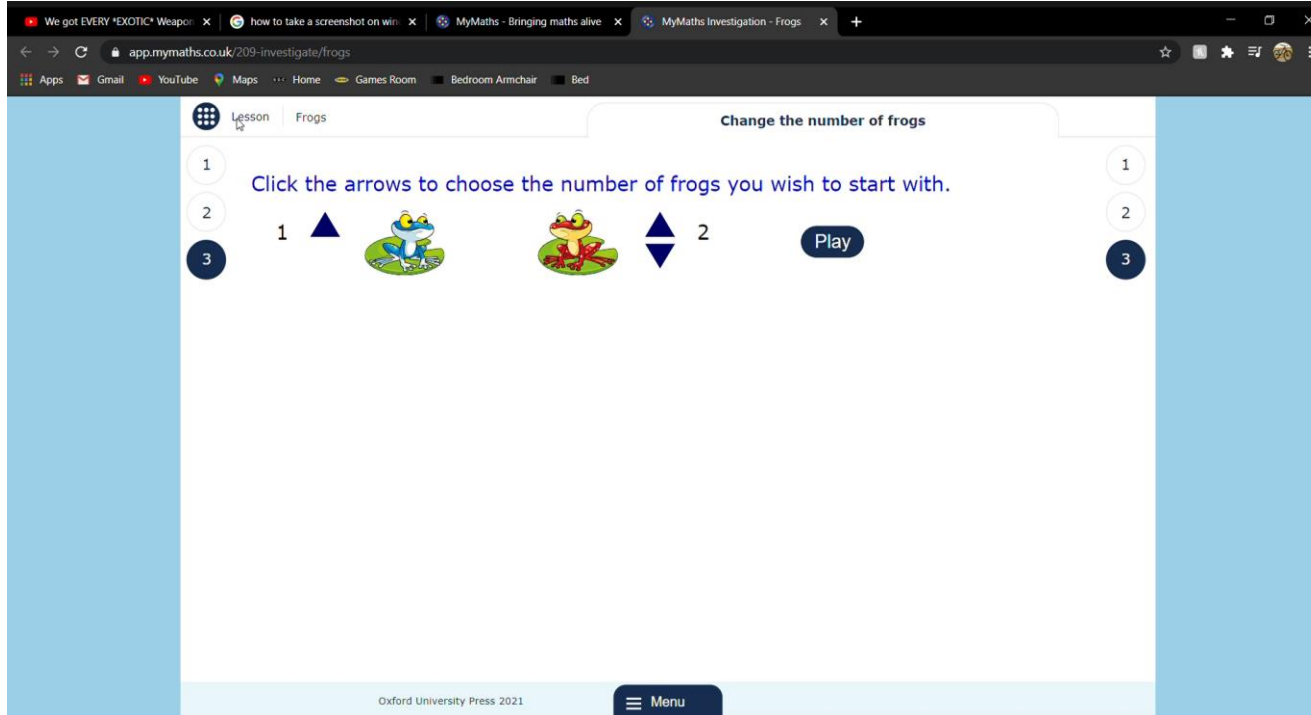
28/01/2021

How Does It Work?

- ▶ This is an extension of the investigation Frogs.
- ▶ In this extension, your aim is the same, but you start with for example 1 frog on one side and 2 frogs on the other.
- ▶ The rules are the same; you only have a slide and a jump to move.

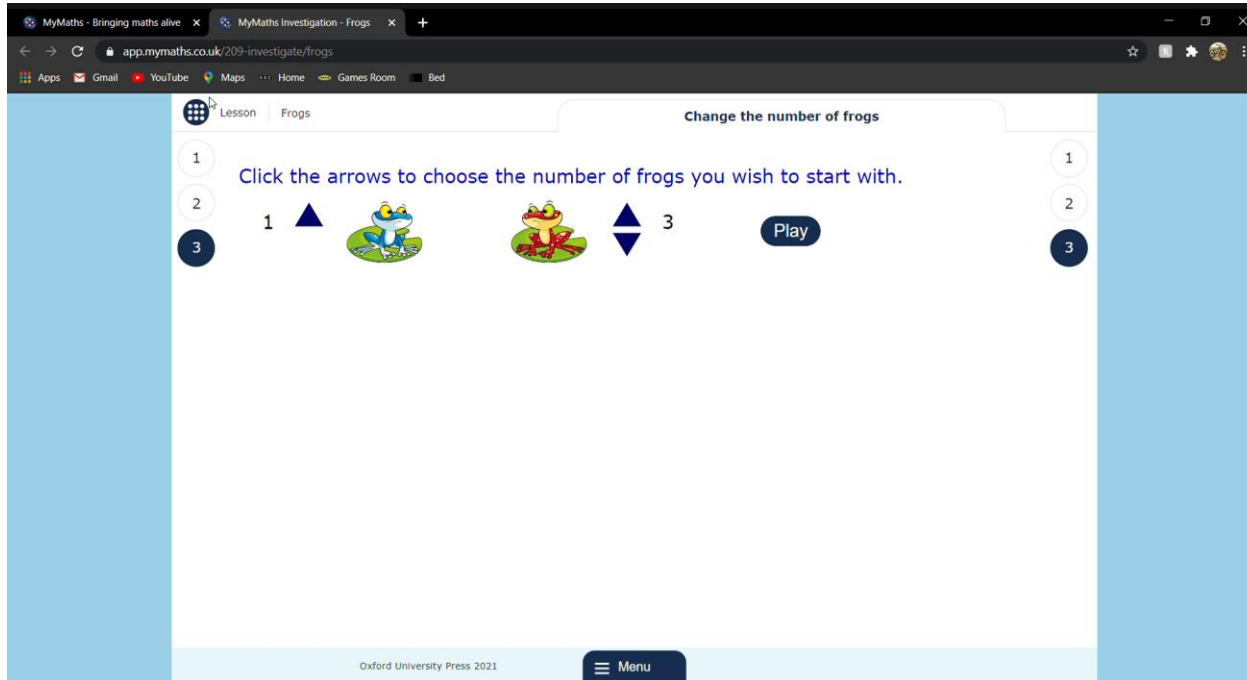


1 Frog on one side and 2 on the other



5 moves
3 slides
2 jumps

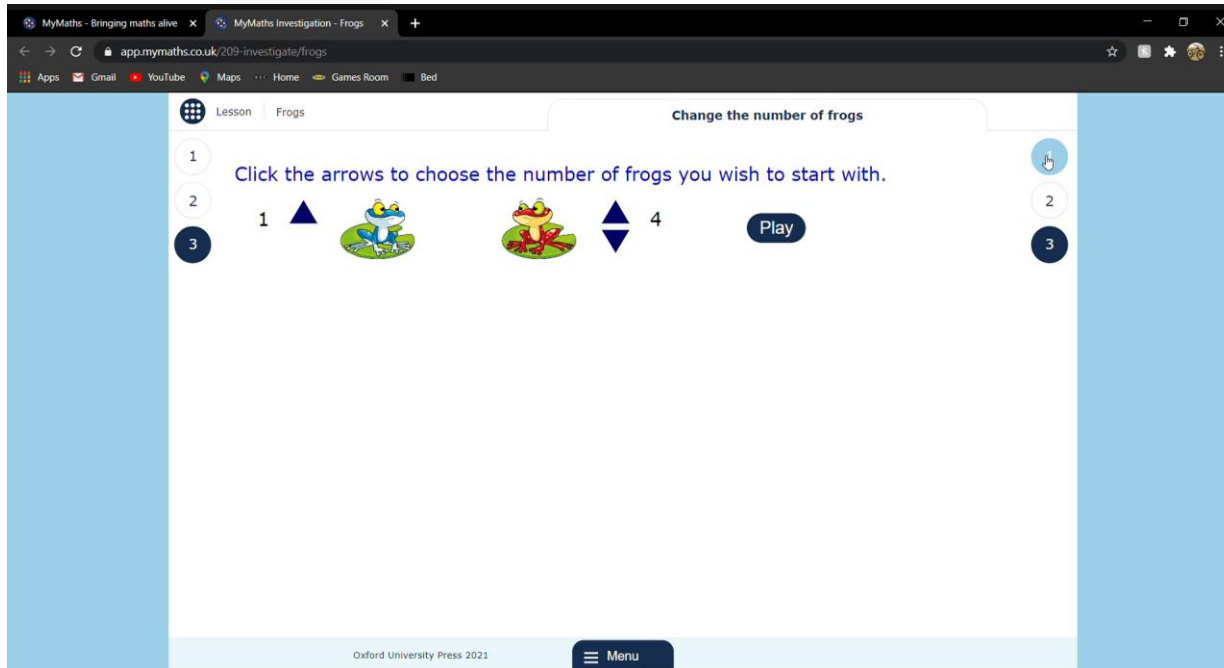
1 Frog on one side and 3 on the other



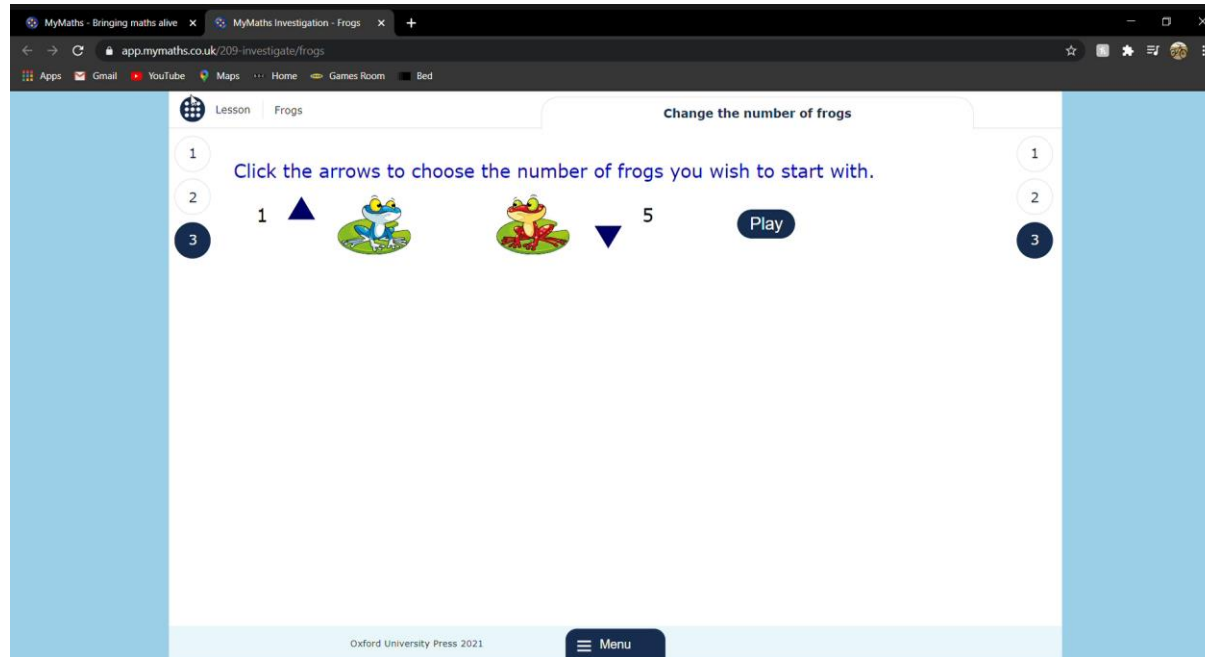
7 moves
4 slides
3 jumps

1 Frog on one side and 4 on the other

9 moves
5 slides
4 jumps



1 Frog on one side and 5 on the other



11 moves
6 slides
5 jumps

Table of results

No. of Green Frogs	No. of Red Frogs *	Total No. of Moves	No. of Jumps	No. of Slides
1	2	5	2	3
1	3	7	3	4
1	4	9	4	5
1	5	11	5	6

* = changing number of red Frogs

Explanation

- ▶ To find out the number of moves you must multiply the changing number of red Frogs by two and then add 1. ($2 \times 2 + 1 = 5$) 5 moves
- ▶ To work out the number of slides you must add the number of green to red frogs. ($1 + 2 = 3$) 3 slides
- ▶ To find out the number of jumps you must multiply the number of red and green frogs together. ($1 \times 2 = 2$)

Algebraic Expression

- ▶ No. of moves = $n \times 2 + 1$
- ▶ No. of slides = $n + 1$
- ▶ No. of jumps = $n + 0$

A green tree frog with large, dark eyes and bright orange and blue feet is perched on a mossy surface. The frog is positioned on the left side of the frame, with its body extending towards the center. The background is a dark, blurred green, suggesting a natural habitat. The overall image has a green and black geometric overlay on the right side.

That's All For
Now Frogs!😊